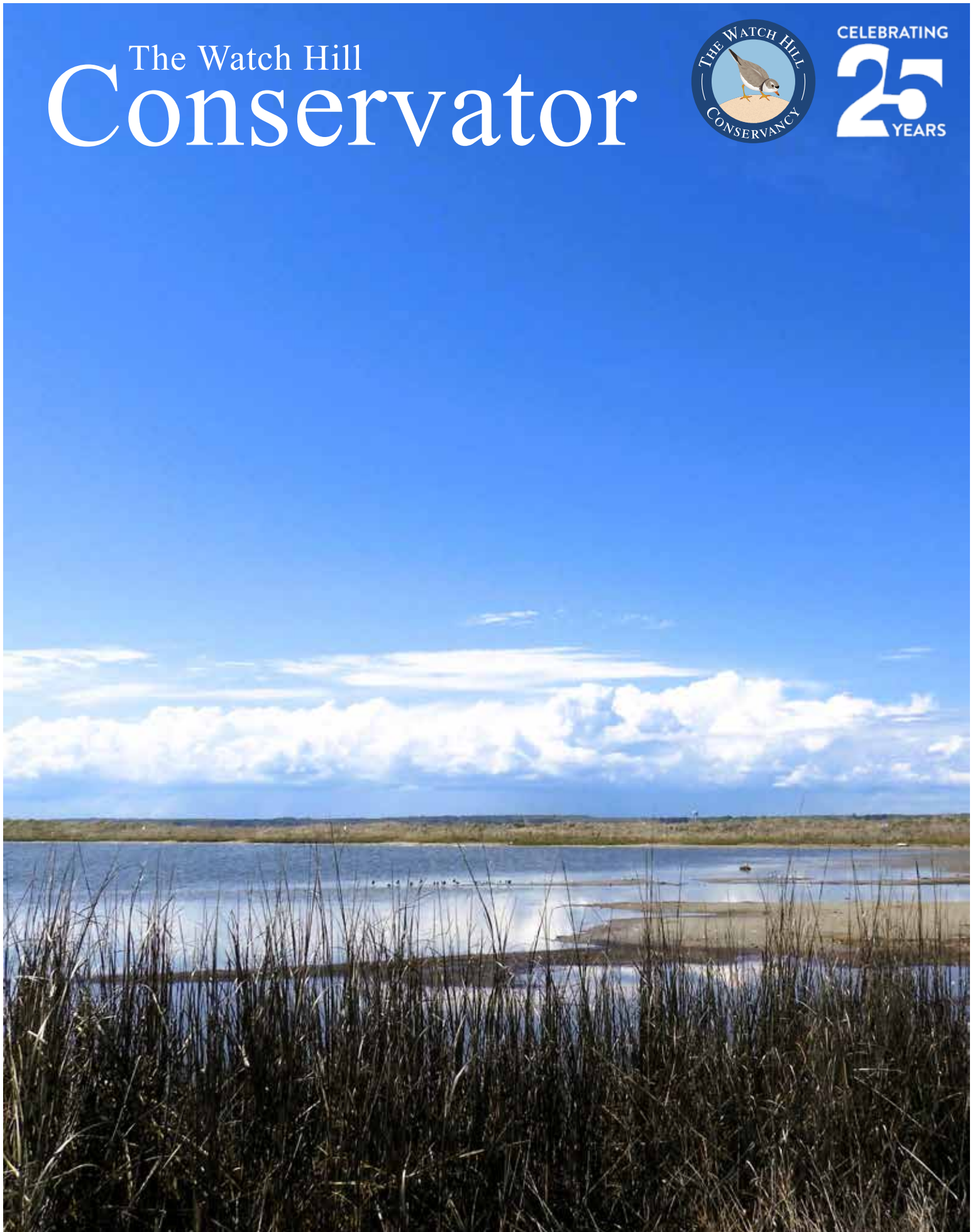


The Watch Hill Conservator



CELEBRATING
25
YEARS



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Preserving the values of Watch Hill and Little Narragansett Bay would not be possible without the dedication of those who educate the public about the vital stewarding of the Napatree Point Conservation Area and about maintaining the historic and community character of Watch Hill.

We are especially grateful for the support of the membership of the Conservancy, our Community Programming Sponsors, the A.M. Roberts, Jr. Charitable Foundation, the URI Coastal Institute; and our staff, Board of Directors, Science Advisors, and volunteers who give so much of their time and wisdom to achieve our mission.

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THE PERIL OF WINTER'S GRIP

While the Napatree Point Conservation Area welcomes thousands of visitors year-round, the severity of this past winter proved challenging: snow-covered dunes, frozen tidal flats, and wind-sculpted drifts revealed how this remarkable natural environment can be transformed by extreme forces. Record-breaking cold, high winds, heavy rain, and huge snowstorms temporarily isolated the Conservation Area, testing conservation management and wildlife survival.

Napatree Point is a naturally dynamic coastal system composed of shifting sands, dunes, shrublands, and intertidal habitat—constantly reshaped by wind, waves, and storms. This winter, although these conditions created a stunning frosty landscape, the severe weather also created circumstances that at times made safe access to the beach difficult or impossible: Snow drifts and mounds blocked the walking paths that visitors normally use to navigate the Point, while frozen surfaces and unstable ice along the lagoon and shoreline created hazardous conditions that temporarily discouraged access entirely. For the conservation stewards at The Watch Hill Conservancy, this underscored the non-negotiable power of Mother Nature.

More importantly, the same winter weather that forced limited human access also affected Napatree wildlife. The Conservation Area, designated a “Globally Important Bird Area” because of its significance to shorebirds and migratory species, supports a wide array of migratory birds but also many marine organisms, mammals, and coastal plants. While many birds migrate south before the harshest weather arrives, winter still presents challenges for the animals that remain or pass through. Snow and ice can cover wrack lines, mudflats, and tidal feeding areas where shorebirds typically forage for worms, crustaceans, and insects. When storms bury these food sources, animals must expend more energy searching for sustenance during the coldest months. As a barrier beach, Napatree provides limited shelter. Gale-force winds common along the Rhode Island coast can increase the risk of hypothermia for smaller birds and mammals. Vegetated dunes, which normally offer protection—may be buried or iced over and sudden over wash events can disrupt wintering wildlife and alter nesting areas that will be used in spring.

For the Conservancy and its partners, these winter conditions highlight the importance of ongoing monitoring and adaptive stewardship. Staff and advisors monitor wildlife populations, measure dune elevations and study vegetation to understand how storms and climate patterns affect the barrier. These efforts help ensure our management decisions protect the ecological integrity of the site and preserve safe, year-round public access.

These seasonal extremes are part of the natural story of the Napatree Point Conservation Area and we at the Conservancy are proud to safeguard the ecological health of one of Rhode Island's most remarkable natural environments. Through careful stewardship, monitoring, and public awareness, the Conservancy works to ensure that even after the harshest of winters, Napatree remains a resilient sanctuary of open space, wildlife habitat, and coastal beauty.

Barbara

Barbara Axmacher
*Executive Director
The Watch Hill Conservancy*



IN THE COMMUNITY

The Conservancy proudly hosted a sold-out presentation of the award-winning documentary **The Snowy Owls of Logan Airport*** on Sunday, November 2 at The UNITED Theatre. Special thanks to award-winning photographer and filmmaker Anna Miller and featured raptor specialist Norman Smith for the live post-screening Q&A to discuss the film and Norman's lifelong mission to rescue, rehabilitate and release these magnificent birds.

*Due to overwhelming popularity, join us Monday, July 13, 2026, for the opening of our 9th season of Lanphear *LIVE!* when Norman returns for an encore presentation!



Raptor specialist Norman Smith discussing the rescue, rehabilitation, and release of the snowy owls of Logan Airport.

NAPATREE POINT 5-YEAR WORK PLAN COMPLETED

Over the past year, in collaboration with Impact by Design, a renowned environmental consulting firm, the Conservancy team, the Napatree staff, Science Advisors, and conservation partners worked diligently on a 5-year work plan for the



Conservancy staff and Conservation partners brainstorming during an intensive 2-day workshop held last summer. Through their vast and varied expertise, a comprehensive 5-year plan to guide our stewardship and monitoring efforts of the Napatree Point Conservation Area has been created.

Napatree Point Conservation Area. The now finalized plan supports the Conservancy's long-term core monitoring goals and offers an excellent roadmap for our ongoing stewardship, management strategies, and outreach in the Napatree Point Conservation Area. In a best practice effort to keep our work nimble, this plan will provide a consistent and actionable framework outlining new initiatives to help us to better understand and communicate the conservation values of Napatree by improving the gaps in our knowledge of the marine environment, building upon our understanding of shorebird conservation, and aligning our outreach programs with our conservation priorities, stewardship goals and management needs. We thank our Science Advisors, Napatree Board Committee, WHC staff, Naturalists and conservation partners for their expertise, time, contributions, and edits to this plan. A special thank you to Dr. Peter August and Alan Desbonnet for the extra effort they put in as part of the core planning team and to our wonderful facilitator, Amielle DeWan of Impact by Design, whose guidance was instrumental in this process. The work planning process was made possible, in part, through funding from a URI Coastal Institute grant and a donation from ParsonsKellogg. To see the 5-year work plan, please visit www.thewatchhillconservancy.org.

NAPATREE POINT CONSERVATION AREA PROGRAMS: 2026 THE WATCH HILL CONSERVANCY

OPEN HOUSE ADVENTURE!

Saturday, May 9, 2026

11 am – 2 pm

The Lanphear Livery Building, One Bay Street, Watch Hill



GATHER & EXPLORE AT THE WATCH HILL CONSERVANCY OPEN HOUSE ADVENTURE!

Join the Conservancy for this FREE family-friendly event and get a sneak peek at our complimentary conservation programs happening in The Napatree Point Conservation Area this summer!

Meet our Napatree Naturalists to learn through hands-on activities suitable for children of all ages. Visit anytime between 11 AM and 2 PM.

Special guest: Mystic Aquarium

Experience their interactive marine touch tank featuring captivating sea creatures from our coastal waters!

Please register to receive updates and parking information.

EDUCATION PROGRAMS

Napatree Investigators Program – REGISTER EARLY!

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday

8:30 AM - 10:30 AM

Ages 7-13 (Registration required)

PROGRAM DATES:

Week 1: Tidal Pools - July 7, 8, 9

Week 2: Crabbing - July 14, 15, 16

Week 3: Lagoon Exploration - July 21, 22, 23

Week 4: Seining - July 28, 29, 30

Week 5: Beach Combing - August 4, 5, 6

Week 6: Clamming - August 11, 12, 13



Children will experience the various habitats and ecosystems of Napatree Point Conservation Area with a different theme each week! With Naturalists, children will spend time on the beach learning about our local environment with hands-on activities. This is a drop off program, registration required. **Registration opens May 9, 2026.**

Slow Birding (NEW)

9:00 AM - 10:00 AM

PROGRAM DATES:

April 9, May 11, June 24, September 17, October 19

Our NEW Slow Birding program invites participants to sit quietly and unplug, surrounded by the beauty of the Napatree Point Conservation Area. Join Naturalists for peaceful observations, journaling, and wildlife viewing. Participants are encouraged to bring a foldable chair, cozy blankets, and a hot beverage. Binoculars and notebooks are provided.

Horseshoe Crab Community Science Program – Project Limulus

Select morning and evenings during the May, June & July full and new moon high tides

Ages 12+ (Registration required)

Join us for our 20th year participating in Project Limulus, a scientific survey tracking horseshoe crab populations. Volunteers will walk two miles along the Napatree Point Conservation Area during the May and June full and new moon high tides—prime spawning time for these ancient creatures. The survey takes 1-4 hours, depending on horseshoe crab activity (anywhere from zero to a thousand crabs might be encountered). While all are welcome to participate in this important conservation effort, participants should be prepared for the physical demands of the survey. Experience these “living fossils” up close while contributing valuable data to this long-term research program.

Horseshoe Crab Family Walks

Saturday Mornings | 9:00 AM – 10:00 AM

PROGRAM DATES:

May 30, June 13 & June 27

All ages (Registration required)

Explore the fascinating world of horseshoe crabs. Discover why these remarkable “Living Fossils” have survived for over 300 million years, learn about their significant contributions to medical research, and understand their crucial ecological importance to Napatree Point Conservation Area and Little Narragansett Bay. This informative outdoor experience offers a unique opportunity to appreciate these ancient creatures and their role in our local ecosystem. This walk is perfect for all ages!

Beach Bums Children’s Program

Sunday Mornings | 9:00 AM – 10:00 AM

PROGRAM DATES:

June 28 & July 26

Ages 4-6 (Registration required)

This program is for our conservation kiddos! Napatree Naturalists will read a themed children’s story coupled with a hands-on activity! Our stories and activities will cover topics such as horseshoe crabs, shorebirds, hermit crabs, and keeping our beaches clean.

Bird and Learn

Sunday Mornings | 8:00 AM – 9:30 AM

PROGRAM DATES:

June 7, July 5 & August 2

Ages 10+

We welcome both new and experienced bird watchers to join us in exploring the variety of bird species in the Napatree Point Conservation Area, recognized as a “Globally Important Bird Area” by the National Audubon Society. During our 2-mile walk, we’ll observe and learn about these beautiful animals, sharing our appreciation and knowledge with each other. This program is open to anyone with a desire to learn about birding or share their expertise. We encourage your curiosity and enthusiasm as we aim to foster lasting connections. A limited number of binoculars will be available for participants.



**REGISTER FOR ANY
OF OUR EDUCATION
PROGRAMS HERE**

FOR MORE PROGRAM INFORMATION,
PLEASE VISIT:
www.thewatchhillconservancy.org

Natural History Walks

Saturday Mornings | 9:00 AM – 10:30 AM

PROGRAM DATES:

June 20, July 18, August 1, August 15 & August 29

All ages

Join our Naturalists for a guided walk to learn about the natural history, flora, and fauna of Napatree Conservation Area!

Seine Net Program

Saturday Mornings | 9:00 AM – 10:30 AM

PROGRAM DATES:

July 11, July 25, August 8 & August 22

All ages

Join Naturalists as they cast a 20-foot seine net, catching marine life for up-close examination, highlighting the importance of ecosystems within Little Narragansett Bay!



Napatree Discovery Table

11:00 AM - 2:00 PM

Saturdays and Sundays June 6th to
August 30th

DATES:

June - 6 & 7, 13 & 14, 20 & 21, 27 & 28

July - 4 & 5, 11 & 12, 18 & 19, 25 & 26,

August - 1 & 2, 8 & 9, 15 & 16, 22 & 23, 29 & 30

Can't join a program? Find us at the Discovery Table every Saturday and Sunday from June to August! Our interactive information table tells the story of Napatree and showcases what you may find during your visit.

WELCOME, OLIVIA!

The Watch Hill Conservancy is pleased to introduce Olivia Sousa as its new Outreach Coordinator. A Dean's List graduate of American International College in Springfield, MA, Olivia earned her degree in Biology in 2023 and brings valuable experience in environmental education and advocacy to the position.

Passionate about sustainability and connecting communities to nature, it was Olivia's experience in conservation stewardship and community engagement that made her a perfect fit for the Outreach Coordinator position. Her varied responsibilities offer critical support to the Napatree Point Conservation Area Manager with the express goal of growing community engagement and furthering the conservation mission of the Napatree Point Conservation Area.

Since joining the Conservancy, Olivia has diligently worked to support a wide range of initiatives, including outreach events, communications, and stewardship efforts. She has successfully expanded the development of our year-round public programming, assisted in the coordination and support of the Napatree Investigators education program, strengthened local school partnerships to increase field trips, organized beach clean-ups, and actively led visitor engagement efforts.

Her creative approach to social media has boosted the Conservancy's digital presence of both the Napatree Facebook and

Conservancy Instagram accounts and her expertise creates dynamic and engaging content to highlight and promote Conservancy programs, conservation efforts, and events, helping to share our mission with a wider audience.

We are thrilled to have Olivia as part of the team and look forward to her continued contributions in advancing outreach, education, and conservation efforts. Her enthusiasm, dedication, and innovative approach are already making a meaningful impact, strengthening connections between the community and the Napatree Point Conservation Area.

Note from Olivia: Each day on Napatree I am grateful to be able to carry out my personal and professional goals by engaging with the community to form a lasting impact centered toward conserving and preserving the places that need it the most.



ANIMAL RESCUE ON NAPATREE

Imagine taking an early morning stroll on Napatree. You're enjoying the sunshine when you see something moving in the distance. As you approach, you realize that a herring gull has been entangled in fishing line and can't fly. What do you do?

Every year, Napatree naturalists are involved in roughly 10 – 20 animal rescues, involving animals from gulls to seals to loons. In many cases the rescue process begins with a visitor reporting an animal in distress. The information can be passed along to a Napatree naturalist or, at times when such contact may be impractical, the person can call Westerly Animal Control. The organization involved will give further information on the steps to take next.



Naturalist Emily Watling with an injured gull found in the Napatree

Napatree Property Manager Dan Cole says the most common rescues involve birds getting caught in fishing line. "Most of the staff is trained in bird rescues, and the equipment is simple. They will don gloves and other Personal Protective Equipment (PPEs) prior to

approaching the bird. The staffer will obtain one of several boxes we have for an occasion like this. They bring a towel along that they will use to immobilize the bird. What we typically do is roll the bird into the towel using a technique called a 'birdie burrito', which wraps the animal tightly and prevents injury to both birds and humans. From there the bird will be put in a box and contact will be made with Wildlife Clinic of Rhode Island (riwildliferehab.org) to arrange transportation to the clinic. "It's important to note that we always call the clinic or rehabber ahead of time so we can discuss the details of the case and give the animal the best care possible.

"In most cases, our naturalists and staff are a kind of conduit to obtain care by professionals. We capture the animal when it's appropriate, we transport it to places like RI Wildlife Clinic or to a local rehabilitation location, but their staff ultimately perform the necessary steps to care for the creature. In cases that involve mammals such as foxes or raccoons, the injured animal may be a vector species for rabies, which means there is a possibility it may be carrying the virus. That's even more reason to bring in professionals such as animal control.

"We have a good working relationship with animal control," Cole says, "though we haven't had any injured mammals reported in at least four years."

Once the staff receives the go – ahead to bring the animal to the

Continued page 7

A BEAUTIFUL PLACE TO LEARN: **ALAN DESBONNET**

In 1989, Alan Desbonnet started his career as a Sea Grant extension agent. In the decades that followed, Alan worked on a wide variety of research projects, doing science synthesis communication, along with fisheries, shellfish, and water quality. Today, Alan is the Conservancy's Science Committee Chair. We spoke about his extensive aquatic background as well as some of his personal future projects.

HUGH: Tell me about the early years of your career.

ALAN: I started with a realm of research that was part of what they were then calling the Bay Project and later known as Save the Bay. Way back then it was part of a whole series of things going on at a national level, led by NOAA, that was looking at many, many larger bays and estuaries and just trying to measure status and trends on estuaries. I ended up doing a variety of things there, working with various towns, trying to get town planners to incorporate science-based decision-making. We worked with a variety of scientists at the University of Rhode Island and across the country.



Eventually I ended up as a new director because I had a background in aquaculture, in shell fisheries. I ended up being the managing editor

of the Husbandry section of the International Journal of Aquaculture for a number of years. While that was sort of happening, I moved out of the extension agent realm and into working more on the administrative end of things. And then an opening came up where the assistant director left. I applied for that position, was hired, and was there for the remainder of my time at Sea Grant.

HUGH: Tell me about the challenges you sometimes face in your work.

ALAN: What was most frustrating over time was to see more and more bureaucracy and paperwork involved in doing some of the simplest things; and just how, I'll just say some "institutions", the government as well as private universities, became more and more challenging and difficult to work with, because things just took much, much longer than they really needed. I'm not sure why that happened, but it was a daily source of frustration on a constant basis, and it just continued to grow and grow and become more annoying and cumbersome as time went on. Eventually, it was time to go.

After decades of serving the realm of science, we're fortunate to have Alan aboard. It's probably not surprising that Alan will keep his hand in Napatree's waters. "Pete (August) pulled a good bait and switch by luring me onto the Science Advisory Board and then sticking me with becoming the chairman of the board," he laughs.

On a personal level, Alan expects to engage further with birding and bird photography. His nine-month-old granddaughter takes his attention at least once a week, along with helping his daughter and son-in-law make their house a bit more child friendly. And of course, he will still be a fixture on the beach. "Napatree is such a beautiful place to learn, and I'm really looking forward to spending more time out there." – H.M.

Animal Rescue on Napatree continued...

wildlife clinic, there will be some forms to fill out which provide the clinic with helpful information like the species, where it was found, and other details. The goal is to obtain enough information for treatment and eventually to return the animal to its former habitat.

Another partner in rescue and rehabilitation is the Mystic Aquarium Marine Mammal Rescue Team, which handles aquatic animals including seals and sea turtles. Each year animals such as seals will "haul out" on beaches to rest and are sometimes mistaken for being in distress.

In January 2025, a beach walker on Napatree called in to the Team and reported what turned out to be a green sea turtle that had been cold stunned. (Cold stunning can happen when sea turtles become hypothermic, lethargic, and immobile when water temperatures drop abruptly, usually below 50F or 10C.) The rescue team took the

animal back to the aquarium where it was successfully rehabilitated and later released into the warmer waters of South Carolina.

In a strange coincidence, on the same day the green sea turtle was discovered, someone found a Kemp's Ridley sea turtle on the bay side of Napatree. Unfortunately, it was deceased, but the staff went through the same process in recording information about it. "Finding two turtles that we never see here on the very same day was bizarre" Cole said. "We're responding because we're there, we have a staff that's trained up, but our main role is communicating with organizations like Mystic Aquarium, the Wildlife Clinic of Rhode Island, Westerly animal control, and we're just the people who can relay information about what's happening on the ground. We are not a rehab organization; we report observations and transport the animal when it's appropriate."

Save the Date!

CELEBRATION OF SUMMER

FRIDAY, JUNE 26, 2026

MISQUAMICUT BEACH CLUB

**SUMMER
2026**

LANPHEAR LIVE!

SOCIETY, HISTORY,
NATURE, TECHNOLOGY



JULY 13 - MONDAY - 6:00 PM

THE SNOWY OWLS OF LOGAN AIRPORT

Norman Smith, Raptor Specialist
Snowy Owl Project, Mass Audubon, Lincoln, MA

JULY 20 - MONDAY - 6:00 PM

WINGS IN THE DARK: THE SECRET NIGHTLIFE OF MIGRATING BIRDS

Sam Miller, Non-Game Bird Biologist
RIDEM, West Kingston, RI

JULY 27 - MONDAY - 6:00 PM

BUILDING ARCHAEOLOGY AT THE STANTON-DAVIS HOMESTEAD:
HISTORY, ARCHAEOLOGY, INTERPRETATION

Myron O. Stachiw, Historical-Architectural Consultant
Stanton-Davis Homestead Museum, Pawcatuck, CT

AUGUST 3 - MONDAY - 6:00 PM

RESILIENCY OF WATCH HILL HISTORIC HOMES IN THE 21ST CENTURY
Brought, in part, by Lathrop Insurance

Paul Keleher, Risk Management Consultant
Berkley One, Boston, MA

AUGUST 17 - MONDAY - 6:00 PM

AMERICAN IMPRESSIONISM: PAINTING NEW ENGLAND

Catherine Shotick, Executive Director
The Westerly Museum of Impressionism, Westerly, RI

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www.thewatchhillconservancy.org

ANNUAL MEETING

AUGUST 31 - MONDAY - 6:00 PM

EAST V. WEST - A SUSTAINABLE VITICULTURE COMPARISON

Dr. J. Douglas Nisbet
Rhode Island Academy of Wine, Providence, RI

NAPATREE

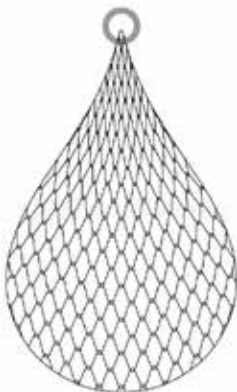
Investigator



SPRING 2026

HOWDY, INVESTIGATORS!

Quick: can you name five things you learned on the beach this past summer? Reading this issue of the ***Investigator*** should jog your memory a bit! Talk over your favorite parts with your family!



SCOOPING WITH THE SEINE

"A million of fish!"

"Put him in the water so he can breathe!"

Welcome to the wonderful world of Investigator **seine** netting! Each year, our summer kids have a blast on the beach learning about fish. We use a long net (about ten feet long) in the waters off Napatree Point to scoop up all kinds of little creatures that we can look at and identify. Here's the process:

First, Investigators each take an end of the net. The net is tied to poles that look like broom handles. One Investigator stays in shallow water, while the other works their way out into deeper water. This sometimes was a bit of a challenge in the cool of the morning!

The next step is the "sweep": the partner in deeper water slowly walks in a semicircle, basically "sweeping" up the fish that may be swimming ahead of the net. This can be a tricky business, since the pole holding the net has to be held just right, or the fish will get away.

Then, the net is tilted back and brought to the shore. This is the surprising part, since it's sometimes difficult to see the fish that have been scooped into the net. But once the net is brought back onto shore, that's where the real excitement begins! The net **sparkles** with dozens of fish where it seemed there were none around before.

"A bunch of fish!" "Don't squeeze them too hard or you'll squish their bodies!" Investigators quickly scoop the fish up and put them into our white pans for identification. There are **silversides**, puffer fish, pipe fish, shrimp, and even tiny flounder.

With the help of naturalists Steve and Hugh, Investigators make the identifications of lots of fish types, many of which they hadn't seen before.

Finally, the time comes when the session is over. Investigators take the pans holding our finds and carefully empty them into the water. We'll never know for sure, but it's easy to imagine that these fish would have quite a "tail" to tell when they get home!



A SEE-THROUGH FISH?

One of the stranger animals we sometimes find in our nets is called the common **grass** shrimp. The ones we usually catch are about 1.5 inches (38 mm) long and spend their time crawling along the sandy bottom of Narragansett Bay, along with many locations around New England shores. Their bodies are almost **transparent**, and their long antennae are nearly the same length as their bodies. These little critters can often be found around underwater grass beds like the ones we have at Napatree. These offer the shrimp protection from predators

along with a healthy diet. They spend their single year of life feeding on **worms**, algae, and tiny crustaceans along the sea bottom.

How do we capture them? When Investigators head to the beach with their seine nets, we always bring along small plastic containers. We grab lots of fish and put them in white dish pans. Then we can scoop out one or two shrimp and put them in small containers. This gives us a chance to see the shrimp up close. It's much easier to see body parts like their round eyes or the claws that make up their front legs. If one of them has eaten recently, we can even see the food in its stomach!

Why are they important? Grass shrimp are **omnivores**, which means they eat a variety of things, including algae, detritus (dead plant material), and microorganisms. They're part of the diet of things like killifish and flounder. They're often used as indicator species, which means that scientists use them to assess pollution levels.

Now that we know more about grass shrimp, we can keep an eye out for them this summer!





PUP PURSE?

Picture this: you and a friend are walking along the shores of Napatree Point looking for sea glass. Suddenly your friend spots a black or dark brown object and yells, “Look! A mermaid’s purse!”

“A what? **Mermaids**? Purses? Have you gone crazy?”

Fear not! The object your friend found is indeed called a mermaid’s purse, a leathery egg case of a shark or skate. It gets its name from its unusual shape: essentially a small rectangular object with curly tendrils at each of its four corners. Those **tendrils** help to anchor the purse to the bottom or to a large piece of seaweed.

Although most sharks gave birth to live **pups** (baby sharks and rays), a few do not. These cases are laid in appropriate locations on the sea floor. The embryo (the live organism inside) develops for as long as 15 months. When the time comes, the embryo hatches from the case and swims away. Like many fish, the parents are long gone by that time, and the new shark or skate is on its own. If you look closely at the egg case, you may find a small split between the top and the bottom of the case. This is where the pup wriggled out of the case and launched itself into the wide ocean!

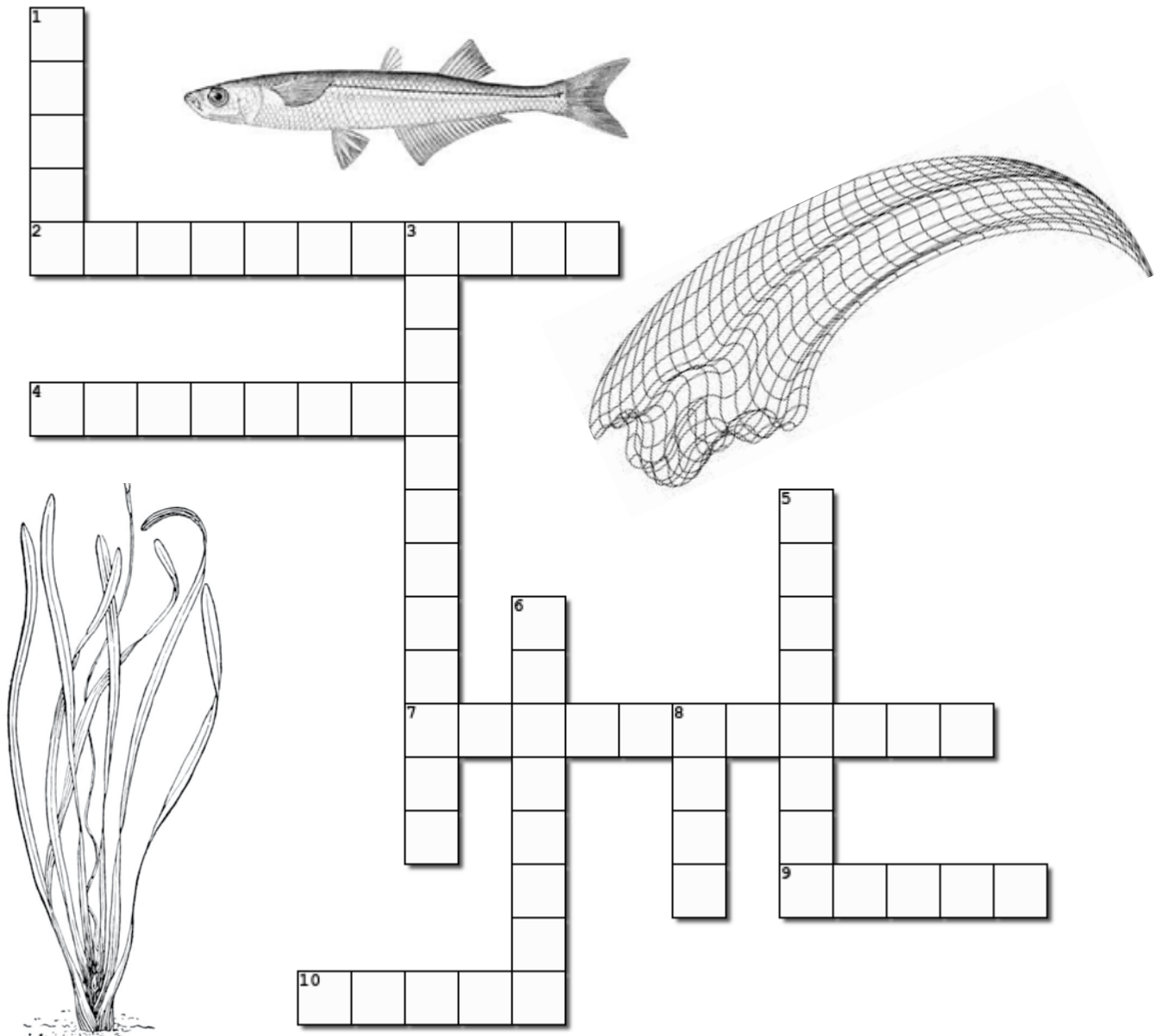
If you’re interested in seeing a mermaid’s purse the best place to look would be the **wrack** line, a long line of seaweed left behind at high tide. It’s rare to find a live animal still inside; the best place to see embryos developing would be at your local aquarium.



“If you’re interested in seeing a mermaid’s purse the best place to look would be the wrack line.”

Puzzle Time!

We hope you've enjoyed remembering some of the cool things we did last summer. To finish this issue of the Investigator, we have a crossword puzzle for you to solve! All the answers are in bold type throughout the issue. Good luck, and see you on the beach!



ACROSS

2. long, narrow fish that we often find in our nets
4. if your diet contains lots of plant matter and living organisms, we'd say you are an _____
7. something you can see through
9. we use these to catch fish
10. shrimp spend a lot of time feeding in this underwater area.

DOWN

1. shrimp like these for a snack!
3. this section of the magazine is called the Napatree _____
5. these are the curly ends of the mermaid's purse
6. something that shines, especially in the sunlight
8. baby sharks are called _____